

At a Glance: (as of Dec 31, 2023)(1, 2)

\$2.1 B Annual Net

Revenue

\$497 MM
Annual Net
Income

\$986 MM Adjusted

**EBITDA** 

46.7% Adjusted EBITDA Margin Stock Information: (as of Sept 30, 2024)(3)

**\$13.7 B**Market Cap

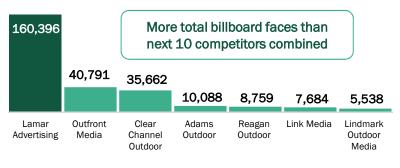
Top 35 US REIT by Market Cap (4) 4.2% Dividend yield

16.5x EV/EBITDA Multiple (LTM) IPO 1996 Converted to REIT 2014

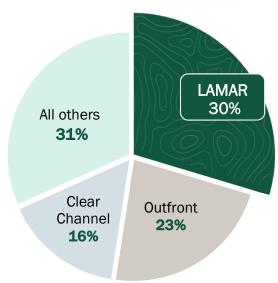
# The Unrivaled Leader in Outdoor Advertising

Founded in 1902, Lamar Advertising operates over 363,000 advertising displays in 45 states and Canada. Lamar offers advertisers a variety of billboard, interstate logo, transit and airport advertising formats, helping both local businesses and national brands reach broad audiences every day.

### Leading US Billboard Position(5)



Serving Highly Fragmented
Billboard Advertising Market<sup>(6)</sup>
(Percentage by Revenue)







### **Investment Highlights**

- Commanding position in middle markets with diverse customers
- Proven tuck-in M&A strategy in fragmented industry
- 4%+ dividend yield with double-digit growth expected through 2025
- Demonstrated ability to navigate heavily regulated space, where introduction of new supply is challenging
- Strong competitive position enables industry-leading margins

Serving attractive 00H markets with ~3% CAGR

2009-2023(7)

No single customer accounts for >2% total revenue

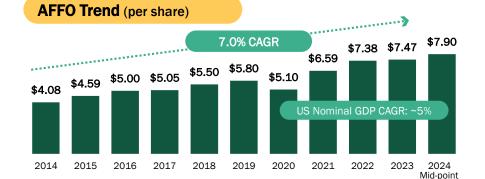
Local advertising ~78% of net billboard revenue

>85% of billboard revenue generated outside of top 10 DMAs

Digital displays
generate ~31% of
billboard advertising revenue



### Financial Highlights (Since REIT Conversion)



### **Dividend Trend** (per share)







Secured Investment Grade Rating<sup>(9)</sup>

**BB** S&P Credit Rating **Ba2** Moody's Credit Rating 3.2x Net Debt/EBITDA<sup>(10)</sup>

Guidance

With doub



1/1/2019

1/1/2018

### 2024 Outlook

	2023	2024 Guidance
Net Income per Share (diluted)	\$4.85	\$4.97 - \$4.99
AFFO per Share (diluted)	\$7.47	\$7.85 - \$7.95
Dividend per Share	\$5.00	\$5.40+

With double-digit dividend growth expected during 2024 and 2025

### **Attractive Long-term Opportunity**

1/1/2022

### **Digital Conversion**

1/1/2021

300+

1/1/2020

Annual runway for additional conversions

**31%** of billboard revenue generated from 3% of inventory

4 – 6x Revenue per face compared to static

1/1/2024

#### M&A

>\$2.7 B

Acquired assets since 2014

Accretive asset additions leverage fixed cost base Industry remains highly fragmented



## **Footnotes**

- 1. This summary contains non-GAAP financial information, which is not calculated under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These measures are not a substitute for GAAP financial measures. Reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP measures can be found at https://ir.lamar.com/nongaap. For additional information regarding non-GAAP financial measures, see "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" under "Disclosures."
- 2. Financial information presented herein for the year ended December 31, 2023 was reported in Lamar's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 23, 2024.
- 3. Market Capitalization (Market Cap) is calculated as weighted average common shares outstanding diluted year to date as disclosed for the latest filed 10-K or 10-Q multiplied by the closing stock price on the last day of the same aforementioned quarter. Dividend yield is calculated as an annualized distribution by taking the latest declared dividend multiplied by 4 divided by the closing stock price for the period ended for the latest filed 10-K or 10-Q, Enterprise value (EV)/EBITDA multiple is calculated by dividing the EV (Market Cap plus Net Debt minus Cash & Other Equivalents as disclosed in the latest 10-K or 10-Q SEC filing) divided by EBITDA for the last twelve months (LTM). See the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in footnote (1).
- 4. Nareit's September 2024 REITWatch A Monthly Statistical Report on the Real Estate Investment Trust Industry
- 5. Billboard counts for public companies are sourced from their respective 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed with the SEC. Billboard counts for private companies are sourced from Geopath's September 2024 audited inventory statements.
- 6. Total billboard spend is from Out of Home Advertising Association of America's (OAAA) 2023 OOH Facts & Figures Ad Spend Performance Presentation. Lamar, OUTFRONT Media Inc. and Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings, Inc.'s billboard revenue is from their respective 2023 Annual Reports on Form 10-K filed with the SEC, with revenue percentages applied to total billboard spend from the aforementioned OAAA source. Clear Channel billboard assets have been extrapolated over revenue for the America segment.
- 7. OAAA 2023 OOH Facts & Figures Ad Spend Performance Presentation
- 8. Fact Set Return Analysis
- 9. A securities rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time.
- 10. Net Debt/EBITDA is calculated as Net Debt as disclosed in the latest 10-K or 10-0 filed with the SEC divided by the LTM Adjusted EBITDA. See the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in footnote (1).

#### **Disclosures**

Cautionary Notes Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This fact sheet contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding sales trends and expected future distributions. These statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among others: (1) our significant indebtedness; (2) the state of the economy and financial markets generally, and the effect of the broader economy on the demand for advertising; (3) the continued popularity of outdoor advertising as an advertising medium; (4) our need for and ability to obtain additional funding for operations, debt refinancing or acquisitions; (5) our ability to continue to qualify as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") and maintain our status as a REIT; (6) the regulation of the outdoor advertising industry by federal, state and local governments; (7) the integration of companies and assets that we acquire and our ability to recognize cost savings or operating efficiencies as a result of these acquisitions; (8) changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines; (9) changes in tax laws applicable to REITs or in the interpretation of those laws; (10) our ability to renew expiring contracts at favorable rates; (11) our ability to successfully implement our digital deployment strategy; and (12) the market for our Class A common stock. For additional information regarding factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in our forward-looking statements, we refer you to the risk factors included in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as supplemented by any risk factors contained in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and our Current Reports on Form 8-K. We caution investors not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, except as may be required by law.

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Lamar has presented the following measures that are not measures of performance under GAAP: adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("adjusted EBITDA"), adjusted EBITDA margin, funds from operations ("FFO"), adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO"), and diluted AFFO per share. Our management reviews our performance by focusing on these key performance indicators not prepared in conformity with GAAP. We believe these non-GAAP performance indicators are meaningful supplemental measures of our operating performance and should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

Our Non-GAAP financial measures are determined as follows:

- We define adjusted EBITDA as net income before income tax expense (benefit), interest expense (income), equity in (earnings) loss of investee, loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt and investments, stock-based compensation, depreciation and amortization, loss (gain) on disposition of assets and investments, transaction expenses and capitalized contract fulfillment costs, net.
- Adjusted EBITDA margin is defined as adjusted EBITDA divided by net revenues.
- We use the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts definition of FFO, which is defined as net income before (gain) loss from the sale or disposal of real estate assets and investments, net of tax, and real estate related depreciation and amortization and including adjustments to eliminate unconsolidated affiliates and non-controlling interest.
- We define AFFO as FFO before (i) straight-line income and expense; (ii) capitalized contract fulfillment costs, net; (iii) stock-based compensation expense (benefit); (v) non-cash portion of tax expense (benefit); (v) non-real estate related depreciation and amortization; (vi) amortization of deferred financing costs; (vii) loss on extinguishment of debt; (viii) transaction expenses; (ix) non-recurring infrequent or unusual losses (gains); (x) less maintenance capital expenditures; and (xi) an adjustment for unconsolidated affiliates and non-controlling interest.
- Diluted AFFO per share is defined as AFFO divided by weighted average diluted common shares outstanding.

Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, FFO, AFFO, and diluted AFFO per share are not intended to replace other performance measures determined in accordance with GAAP. FFO and AFFO do not represent cash flows from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and, therefore, these measures should not be considered indicative of cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity or of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions. Adjusted EBITDA margin, FFO, AFFO, and diluted AFFO per share are presented as we believe each is a useful indicator of our current operating performance. Specifically, we believe that these metrics are useful to an investor in evaluating our core operating results; (2) adjusted EBITDA is widely used in the industry to measure operating performance because (1) each is a key measure used by our management team for purposes of decision making and for evaluating our core operating results; (2) adjusted EBITDA is widely used in the industry to measure operating performance as it excludes the impact of depreciation and amortization, which may significantly among companies depending upon accounting methods and useful lives, particularly where acquisitions and non-operating factors are involved; (3) adjusted EBITDA adjusted EBITDA adjusted EBITDA margin, FFO, AFFO, and diluted AFFO per share may not, however, be fully comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

See footnote [1] for reconciliations of adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, FFO, AFFO, and diluted AFFO per share to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.